Safety Data Sheet



Martrex, Inc.

Phone:

Section I: Chemical Product and Company Information

Product name: Cobalt Sulfate 33%

Reference Number:

Supplier/ Further Information: Martrex, Inc.

1107 Hazeltine Blvd,

 Suite 535 MD 27,
 Toll Free:
 800/328-3627

 Chaska, Minnesota 55318
 FAX:
 952/933-1889

EPA Registration Number: n/a

CAS#: 10124-43-3

Chemical Name: Cobalt Sulfate Monohydrate Synonyms: Cobalt Sulfate Monohydrate Chemical Family: Inorganic metallic salt

SDS Number: n/a

24 Hour Emergency Phone - Chemtrec Transport: 1-800-424-9300; Medical: 1-800-441-3637

952/933-5000

Instability O Special Hazard For NFPA Explanation see Section 16

Web: www.martrexinc.com

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Danger! Harmful if Swallowed or Inhaled. Causes irritation to Skin, Eyes and Respiratory Tract. May cause Allergic Skin or Respiratory Reaction. Chronic Exposure may affect Thyroid, Lungs, Heart, and Kidneys.

GHS Classification (Global Harmonized Classification see Section 16):

Acute toxicity, OralCategory 5(H303)Sensitization, SkinCategory 1(H317)CarcinogenicityCategory 1B(H350)Reproductive toxicityCategory 1B(H360)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1 (H400)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2 (H411)

GHS Label, Hazards and Precautionary Statements

GHS Pictogram:



(GHS Pictogram Hazards Definitions See Section 16)

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

May be harmful if swallowed. (H303)
May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317)
May cause cancer. (H350)
May damage fertility or the unborn child. (H360)
Very toxic to aquatic life. (H400)
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (H411)

24 Hour Emergency Phone - Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 Transportation

1-800-441-3637 Medical

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. (P201)

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. (P202)

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapor/spray. (P261)

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. (P280)

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. (P272)

Avoid release to the environment. (P373)

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor, if you feel unwell. (P301+P312)

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. (P302+P352)

Specific treatment: see Section 4 First Aid Measures, Skin Exposure on this label. (P321)

If Skin Irritation or rash occurs: Get Medical Advice/Attention. (P333+P313) Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. (P362+P364)

If Exposed or Concerned: Get medical advice/attention. (P308+P313)

Collect Spillage. (P391)

Storage:

Store locked up. (P405)

Disposal Considerations:

Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste

collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. (P501)

NFPA: Health: **2** Flammability: **0** Reactivity: **0**

Potential Health Effects:.

Primary Routes of Exposure / Entry: Eye & Skin contact, Ingestion, Inhalation.

Target Organs: no data

Acute and Chronic Exposure Symptoms

Inhalation (breathing): Causes irritation to the respiratory tract, symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath, and nausea. Respiratory hypersensitivity, asthma may appear. Inhalation of cobalt dust and fumes is associated with an increased incidence of lung disease.

Eye Contact: Causes irritation, redness, and pain.

Skin Contact: Causes irritation to skin. Symptoms include redness, itching, and pain. May cause dermatitis. **Ingestion** (swallowing): Toxic. Causes abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, flushing of the face and ears, mild hypotension, rash, and ringing in the ears. May have cumulative toxic action where elimination cannot keep pace with absorption. Large amounts depress erythrocyte production.

Chronic Exposure Symptoms: Repeated oral administration may produce goiter and reduced thyroid activity. Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis. Chronic exposure associated with kidney, heart and lung damage.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Long-Term Exposure: Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems, or impaired liver, kidney or respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the substance. Persons with allergies or sensitivity to cobalt may also be more susceptible to the effects of the substance.

Carcinogenicity Data:

See Section 11 for more Toxicological information

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Component	CAS#	%	OSHA Limits	ACGIH Limits	OTHER Limits
Cobalt Sulfate Monohydrate	10124-43-3	33%	PEL: 0.1mg/m³(TWA) Cobalt Metal Dust and fumes as Co	TLV: inorganic cobalt compounds 0.2mg/ m³(TWA) as Co, A3: Animal Carginogen	See Section 11,12,15

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Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Exposure: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. **Get Medical Attention Immediately.**

Skin Exposure: Wipe off excess material from skin then immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. **Get medical attention.** Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

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Ingestion: Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **Call a physician or Poison Control center immediately.**

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. **Get medical attention.**

NOTE TO THE PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability Classification: no data

Fire: Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire. **Explosion:** Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

Fire Extinguishing Media: Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire.

Special Information: In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Procedure to be Followed in Case of Leak or Spill: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Spills: Sweep up and containerize for reclamation or disposal. Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal.

Spill and Leak Personal Procedures: See Section 8.

Containment of Spill: Sweep up and containerize for reclamation or disposal. Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal.

Cleanup and Disposal of Spill: Consult local waste regulators for proper disposal. Do not discharge.

Environmental and Regulatory Reporting: Toxic to Fish. US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Minimum/maximum Storage Temperature: no data.

Handling: Wash hands before eating and do not eat, drink, or smoke in workplace. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (dust, solids); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

Storage: Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Isolate from incompatible substances.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS: See Section 3, 8 and 11 for employee exposure controls and Section 15 for other regulatory requirements.

Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Ventilation/Engineering Protection: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

Respiratory Protection (NIOSH Approved): If the exposure limit is exceeded, a half-face high efficiency dust/mist respirator may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration-

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specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full-face piece high efficiency dust/mist respirator may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Eye Protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where dusting or splashing of solutions is possible. **Maintain eye wash fountain and guick-drench facilities in work area.**

Skin Protection: Wear protective gloves and clean body-covering clothing.

Other Protective Clothing and Equipment: no data

Hygienic Work Practices: no data

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Chemical Name: Cobalt Sulfate monohydrate

Percent Equivalent: 33%
Physical State: Solid crystals

Color and Appearance: Pink to red transparent crystals.

Odor: odorless

Odor Threshold: no data

pH: no data

Specific Gravity (water=1): no data

Vapor Pressure: no data

Vapor Density (Air = 1): no data

Density: 2.03 @ 25C/4C Bulk Density: no data Volatiles Percent: 0

Boiling Point: 735C (1355F)

Melting Point: 96.8C (207F) Loses water @ 420C (788F)

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): no data Solubility in water@ 3C (37F): 60.4 g/100 ml.

Viscosity: no data

Other Solubilities: no data Chemical Formula: CoSO₄•H₂O

Formula Wt: 173.01

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability (under normal conditions of storage, handling, use): Stable X	Unstable
Hazardous Polymerization: May Occur	
MATURAL 1 CO. N.	

Will Not Occur X Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials.

Chemical Incompatibility and Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidizers, tert-butyl hydroperoxide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of sulfur and the contained metal.

Section II: Toxicological Information

Toxicological Data: Oral rat LD₅₀: 424 mg/kg. Investigated as a tumorigen and mutagen.

Carcinogenicity: Cobalt and its compounds have been shown to cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Carcinogenicity Data: *NTP Carcinogen*

IngredientCAS#KnownAnticipatedIARC CategoryCobalt Sulfate10124-43-3NoNo2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Other Effects on Humans: no data

SDS Product name: Cobalt Sulfate page 5 of 7

Section 12: Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:

72 Hr EC₅₀ Selenastrum capricornutum: 0.4-72 mg/L

Environmental Toxicity:

No information found.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Procedures: Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

Section 14: Transport Information

Not regulated.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

Chemical Inventory Status - Part 1

Ingredient TSCA EC Japan Australia

Cobaltous Sulfate (10124-43-3) Yes Yes Yes Yes

Chemical Inventory Status - Part 2 Canada

Ingredient Korea DSL NDSL Phil.

Cobaltous Sulfate (10124-43-3) Yes Yes No Yes

Federal, State & International Regulations - Part 1

SARA 302 SARA 313

Ingredient RQ TPQ List Chemical Catg.

Cobaltous Sulfate (10124-43-3) No No No Cobalt compo

Federal, State & International Regulations - Part 2

Ingredient CERCLA RCRA 261.33 TSCA 8(d)

Cobaltous Sulfate (10124-43-3) 1 No No

CWC TSCA 12(b) CDTA

No No No

SARA 311/312: Acute Chronic Fire Pressure Reactivity

Yes Yes No No No (Mixture / Solid)

WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL(S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF

CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.

Australian Hazchem Code: None allocated.

Poison Schedule: None allocated.

WHMIS: This SDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products

Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Section 16: Other Information

Label Hazard Warning:

WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN OR RESPIRATORY REACTION. CHRONIC EXPOSURE MAY AFFECT THYROID, LUNGS, HEART, AND KIDNEYS.

Label Precautions:

Avoid breathing dust. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Label First Aid:

If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eves or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases, get medical attention.

Acronyms

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ANSI - American National Standards Institute

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service **CERCLA** - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation & Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

of 1980

CHEMTREC - Chemical Transportation Emergency

CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

CWC - Chemical Weapons Convention

DOT - U.S. Department of Transportation

DSL - Canadian Domestic Substance List

EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance

EPA - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS - Hazardous Material Identification System

GHS Pictograms and Hazards

Health Hazard



- Carcinogen
- Mutagenicity
- Reproductive Toxicity
- Respiratory Sensitizer
- Target Organ Toxicity
- Aspiration Toxicity

Flame



- Flammables
- Pyrophorics • Self-Heating
- Emits Flammable Gas
- Self-Reactives
- Organic Peroxides

Exclamation Mark



- Irritant (skin and eye)
- Skin Sensitizer
- Acute Toxicity (harmful)
- Narcotic Effects Respiratory Tract
- Irritant Hazardous to Ozone Laver (Non-Mandatory)

Gas Cylinder



Gases Under Pressure

Corrosion



- Skin Corrosion/
- Burns
- Eye Damage
- Corrosive to Metals

Exploding Bomb



- Explosives
- Self-Reactives
- Organic Peroxides

Flame Over Circle



Oxidizers

Environment (Non-Mandatory)



Aquatic Toxicity

Skull and Crossbones



 Acute Toxicity (fatal or toxic)

NFPA Rating Explanation Guide Flammability Instability Rating Special Rating Health Hazard Symbol Hazard Hazard Number Hazard Will vaporize May explode at ALK Alkaline and readily burn normal Can be lethal temperatures at normal temperatures

serious or permanent injury Can cause

temporary incapacitation or residual injury

Can cause

Can cause significant irritation

No Hazard

Must be preheated before ignition can occur Will not burn

Can be ignited under almost all

high temperature or shock ambient temperatures Must be heated Violent chemical or high ambient temperature to burn change at high temperatures or pressures

and pressures

May explode at

High temperatures make unstable

Normally stable

CRYO Cryogenic OXY Oxidizer

ACID Acidic

BIO BioHazard

COR Strong Corrosive

Radioactive Reacts violently or

explosively with water Reacts violently or explosively with water or oxidizer

This chart for reference only - For complete specifications consult the NFPA Standard

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL/UEL - Lower and Upper Explosive Limit

mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic meter

NAERG - North American Emergency Response Guidebook NIOSH - National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NFPA - National Fire Protection Association

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit (set by OSHA)

PPE - Personal Protective Equipment

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 **SARA -** Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

STEL - Concentration to which workers can be exposed continuously for a **short** period of time without suffering from irritation, irreversible tissue damage or narcosis of sufficient degree to increase the likelihood of accidental injury, impair self-rescue or materially reduce work efficiency.

TDG (Canadian): Transport of Dangerous Goods Regulations

TLV - Threshold Limit Value (set by ACGIH)

TWA - 8-hour Time Weighted Average
TSCA - US Toxic Substance Control Act

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

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